

# Lab 2 Part 1 Sample Answers

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## Question 1

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class InchesToMeters {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.print("Input a value for inches: "); // hint for input
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in); // create a Scanner
        double inch = input.nextDouble(); // obtain the input value
        // Conversion
        double meters = inch * 0.0254;
        System.out.println(inch + " inches is " + meters + " meters");
    }
}
```

## Question 2

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class SumOfDigits {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.print("Input an integer between 0 and 1000: "); // hint for input
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in); // create a Scanner
        int int_3 = input.nextInt(); // obtain a 3 digits integer
        int digitSum = 0; // define a var to store sum of digits
        int divisor = int_3;
        while(divisor > 0) {
            digitSum += divisor % 10; // add the latest last digit
            divisor /= 10; // update the divisor
        }
        System.out.println("The sum of all digits in " + int_3 + " is " + digitSum);
    }
}
```

## Question 3

```
public class CheckPassFail {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int mark = 49; // set the value of "mark"
        System.out.println("The mark is " + mark);
        // classify mark
        if(mark >= 50) {
            System.out.println("PASS");
        } else {
            System.out.println("FAIL");
        }
        System.out.println("DONE");
    }
}
```

## Question 4

```
public class CheckOddEven {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int number = 49; // set value of "number"
        System.out.println("The number is " + number);

        if(number % 2 == 1) { // odd
            System.out.println("Odd Number");
        } else {
```

```

        System.out.println("Even Number");
    }
    System.out.println("BYE!");
}
}

```

## Question 5

```

public class PrintNumberInWord {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int number = 5; // value of number

        // Using nested-if
        if(number == 1) {
            System.out.println("ONE");
        } else if(number == 2) {
            System.out.println("TWO");
        } else if(number == 3) {
            System.out.println("THREE");
        } else if(number == 4) {
            System.out.println("FOUR");
        } else if(number == 5) {
            System.out.println("FIVE");
        } else if(number == 6) {
            System.out.println("SIX");
        } else if(number == 7) {
            System.out.println("SEVEN");
        } else if(number == 8) {
            System.out.println("EIGHT");
        } else if(number == 9) {
            System.out.println("NIGHT");
        } else {
            System.out.println("OTHER");
        }
        // Using switch-case
        switch(number) {
            case 1:
                System.out.println("ONE");
                break;
            case 2:
                System.out.println("TWO");
                break;
            case 3:
                System.out.println("THREE");
                break;
            case 4:
                System.out.println("FOUR");
                break;
            case 5:
                System.out.println("FIVE");
                break;
            case 6:
                System.out.println("SIX");
                break;
            case 7:
                System.out.println("SEVEN");
                break;
            case 8:
                System.out.println("EIGHT");
                break;
            case 9:
                System.out.println("NIGHT");
                break;
            default:
                System.out.println("OTHER");
                break;
        }
    }
}

```

```
}  
}
```

## Question 6

```
public class SumAndAverage {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int sum = 0; // Store the accumulated sum init to 0  
        double average; // average in double  
        int lowerbound = 1; // The lowerbound to sum  
        int upperbound = 100; // The upperbound to sum  
  
        // Use a for-loop to sum from lowerbound to upperbound  
        for(int number = lowerbound; number <= upperbound; number++) {  
            sum += number; // same as "sum = sum + number"  
        }  
        // Compute average in double. Beware that int/int produces int.  
        average = (double) sum / (upperbound - lowerbound + 1);  
        // Print sum and average  
        System.out.println("The sum is " + sum);  
        System.out.println("The average is " + average);  
  
        // 6.1 while loop  
        System.out.println("---- While-loop:");  
        sum = 0;  
        int number = lowerbound;  
        while(number <= upperbound) {  
            sum += number;  
            number++;  
        }  
        // Compute average in double. Beware that int/int produces int.  
        average = (double) sum / (upperbound - lowerbound + 1);  
        // Print sum and average  
        System.out.println("The sum is " + sum);  
        System.out.println("The average is " + average);  
  
        // 6.2 do-while  
        System.out.println("---- Do-while:");  
        sum = 0; // Reset sum  
        number = lowerbound;  
        do {  
            sum += number;  
            number++;  
        } while(number <= upperbound);  
        // Compute average in double. Beware that int/int produces int.  
        average = (double) sum / (upperbound - lowerbound + 1);  
        // Print sum and average  
        System.out.println("The sum is " + sum);  
        System.out.println("The average is " + average);  
  
        // 6.3 Sum from 111 to 8899  
        System.out.println("---- Sum from 111 to 8899:");  
        // Reset variables: sum, lowerbound, upperbound  
        sum = 0;  
        lowerbound = 111;  
        upperbound = 8899;  
        number = lowerbound;  
        do {  
            sum += number;  
            number++;  
        } while(number <= upperbound);  
        // Compute average in double. Beware that int/int produces int.  
        average = (double) sum / (upperbound - lowerbound + 1);  
        // Print sum and average  
        System.out.println("The sum is " + sum);  
        System.out.println("The average is " + average);  
    }  
}
```

```
}
```

## Question 7

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class ReverseString {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.print("Enter a String: ");
        Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
        String inStr = in.next(); // use next() to read a string
        int inStrLen = inStr.length(); // obtain the length of the input string

        System.out.print("The reverse of the String \"" + inStr + "\" is \"");
        // Use inStr.charAt(index) in a loop to extract character at "index" from inStr
        // The string's index begins at 0 from the left
        for(int i = inStrLen - 1; i >= 0; i--) { // Process the string from the right
            System.out.print(inStr.charAt(i));
        }
        System.out.println("\n");
    }
}
```

## Question 8

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class TestPalindrome {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.print("Enter a String: ");
        Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
        String inStr = in.next(); // read string
        String lowStr = inStr.toLowerCase(); // convert to lowercase

        int fIdx = 0, bIdx = inStr.length() - 1; // forward & backward indexes
        char fChar, bChar; // forward & backward characters
        while(fIdx < bIdx) {
            fChar = lowStr.charAt(fIdx);
            bChar = lowStr.charAt(bIdx);
            if(fChar != bChar) {
                System.out.println("\"" + inStr + "\" is not a palindrome");
                return;
            } else { // match, change index
                fIdx++;
                bIdx--;
            }
        }
        System.out.println("\"" + inStr + "\" is a palindrome");
    }
}
```

## Question 9

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class GradesAverage {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.print("Enter the number of students: "); // hint for input
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in); // create a Scanner
        int numStudents = input.nextInt(); // Obtain number of students
        int grades[] = new int[numStudents]; // Array stores grades of every student
        int sumGrades = 0; // Store sum of grades
        for(int i = 0; i < numStudents; i++) { // Enter grade and sum the grade
            System.out.print("Enter the grade for student " + (i + 1) + ": ");
            grades[i] = input.nextInt();
        }
    }
}
```

```
        if(0 <= grades[i] && grades[i] <= 100) { // if between 0 and 100
            sumGrades += grades[i];
        } else { // invalid
            i--;
            System.out.println("Invalid grade, try again...");
        }
    }
    System.out.println("The average is: " + (double) sumGrades / numStudents);
}
}
```